U18MAI1201 LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS

L	Τ	Р	J	С
3	0	2	0	4

#### (Common to All branches)

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

### After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- CO1: Identify eigenvalues and eigenvectors, apply Cayley Hamilton theorem to Matrix Manipulation and apply orthogonal diagonalisation to convert quadratic form to canonical form.
- CO2: Apply suitable techniques of differentiation and integration to various functions and identify the maxima and minima of functions of one variable.
- CO3: Solve first order ordinary differential equations and apply them to certain physical situations.
- CO4: Solve higher order ordinary differential equations arising in real world situations.
- CO5: Evaluate the total derivative of a function, expand the given function as series and locate the maximum and minimum for multivariate functions.
- CO6: Determine Rank, Inverse, Eigenvalues, Eigenvectors of the given matrix, solve Differential equations and locate Maxima-Minima of the function using MATLAB

# Pre-requisite: Basics of Matrices, Differentiation and Integration

	CO/PO Mapping												
	S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak												
Cos	Cos Programme Outcomes(POs)												
	P01	POT PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12											
C01	S	S			М				М	М		М	
CO2	S	S			М				М	М		М	
CO3	S	S			М				М	М		М	
CO4	S	S			М				М	М		М	
CO5	S S S M M M M												
C06	S	S			М				М	М		М	

#### **Course Assessment methods:**

DIRECT

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II (Theory component)
- 2. Open Book Test; Cooperative Learning Report, Assignment; Journal Paper Review, Group Presentation, Project Report, Poster Preparation, Prototype or Product
- 3. Demonstration etc (as applicable) (Theory component)
- 4. Pre/Post Experiment Test/Viva; Experimental Report for each Experiment (lab Component)

- 5. Model Examination (lab component)
- 6. End Semester Examination (Theory and lab components)

# INDIRECT

1. Course-end survey

# THEORY COMPONENT

# MATRICES

Rank of a matrix – Consistency of a system of linear equations - Rouche's theorem -Solution of a system of linear equations - Linearly dependent and independent vectors– Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Cayley Hamilton theorem (excluding proof) - Orthogonal matrices – Orthogonal transformation of a symmetric matrix to diagonal form – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation.

# DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Representation of functions -Limit of a function-Continuity -Derivatives -Differentiation rules - Maxima and Minima of functions of one variable - Definite and Indefinite integrals - Techniques of Integration: Substitution rule, Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction.

# FIRST ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Leibnitz's equation – Bernoulli's equation –Applications: Orthogonal trajectories and Electric Circuits.

# HIGHER ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Linear equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients – Euler's and Legendre's linear equations – Method of variation of parameters – First order Simultaneous linear equations with constant coefficients – Applications: Electric Circuits.

# FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES

Total derivative – Taylor's series expansion – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Constrained maxima and minima: Lagrange's multiplier method with single constraints – Jacobians.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 41st Edition, 2011.
- 2. Ramana B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.

# **11 Hours**

9 Hours

# **10 Hours**

# 9 Hours

- 3. Kreyzig E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Tenth Edition, John Wiley and sons, 2011.
- 4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics (for First Year), Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, Revised Edition, 2007
- 5. Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy K., and Gunavathy K., "Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, (Reprint) 2008
- 6. Venkataraman M.K., "Engineering Mathematics", The National Pub. Co., Chennai, 2003
- Weir, MD, Hass J, Giordano FR: Thomas' Calculus, Pearson education 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015
- 8. G.B.Thomas and R.L.Finney, Calculus and Analytical Geometry, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, (2006)
- 9. James Stewart, Calculus: Early Transcendentals, Cengage Learning, 7th Edition, New Delhi, 2015.

**30 Hours** 

### WEBSITES

- 1. https://www.khanacademy.org/tag/maxima-and-minima-math
- 2. https://www.khanacademy.org/math/differential-calculus
- 3. https://www.khanacademy.org/math/integral-calculus

# LAB COMPONENT List of MATLAB Programmes:

- 1. Introduction to MATLAB.
- 2. Matrix Operations Addition, Multiplication, Transpose, Inverse
- 3. Rank of a matrix and solution of a system of linear equations
- 4. Characteristic equation of a Matrix and Cayley-Hamilton Theorem.
- 5. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of Higher Order Matrices
- 6. Curve tracing
- 7. Differentiation and Integration
- 8. Solving first and second order ordinary differential equations.
- 9. Determining Maxima and Minima of a function of one variable.
- 10. Determining Maxima and Minima of a function of two variables.

Theory: 45 Tutorial: 0 Practical: 30 Project: 0 Total: 75 Hours

# U18MAI2201 ADVANCED CALCULUS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	0	2	0	4

### (Common to All branches)

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

#### After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Evaluate double and triple integrals in Cartesian coordinates and apply them to calculate area and volume.
- **CO2:** Apply various integral theorems for solving engineering problems involving cubes and rectangular parallelepipeds.
- **CO3:** Construct analytic functions of complex variables and transform functions from zplane to w-plane and vice-versa, using conformal mappings.
- **CO4:** Apply the techniques of complex integration to evaluate real and complex integrals over suitable closed paths or contours.
- **CO5:** Solve linear differential equations using Laplace transform technique.
- **CO6:** Determine multiple integrals, vector differentials, vector integrals and Laplace transforms using MATLAB.

					CO/	/PO M/	APPINO	Ĵ				
	(S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak											
COa	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)											
LUS	P01	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12										
<b>CO1</b>	S	S			Μ				М	М		М
<b>CO2</b>	S	S			М				М	М		М
<b>CO3</b>	S	S			М				М	М		М
<b>CO4</b>	S	S			М				М	М		М
<b>CO5</b>	S	S			Μ				М	М		М

#### Pre-requisites: Nil

#### **COURSE ASSESSMENT METHODS**

#### DIRECT

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II (Theory component)
- 2. Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration etc (as applicable) (Theory component)
- 3. Pre/Post experiment Test/Viva; Experimental Report for each experiment (lab component)
- 4. Model examination (lab component)
- 5. End Semester Examination (Theory and lab component)

#### **INDIRECT**

1. Course-end survey

#### THEORY COMPONENT

#### **MULTIPLE INTEGRALS**

Double integration – Cartesian coordinates – Change of order of integration - Triple integration in Cartesian coordinates – Applications: Area as double integral and Volume as triple integral.

#### **VECTOR CALCULUS**

Gradient, divergence and curl – Directional derivative – Irrotational and Solenoidal vector fields - Green's theorem in a plane, Gauss divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem (excluding proofs) – Verification of theorem and simple applications.

#### **ANALYTIC FUNCTIONS**

Functions of a complex variable – Analytic functions – Necessary conditions, Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian coordinates and sufficient conditions (excluding proofs)– Properties of analytic function – Construction of analytic function by Milne Thomson method – Conformal mapping : w = z + c, cz, 1/z – Bilinear Transformation

### **COMPLEX INTEGRATION**

Cauchy's integral theorem – Cauchy's integral formula –Taylor's and Laurent's series – Singularities –Residues –Residue theorem –Application of residue theorem for evaluation of real integrals – Contour Integration (excluding poles on the real axis).

### LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

Definition - Properties: Superposition, Shift in t or Time Delay, Shift in s, Time Derivatives, Time Integral-Initial Value Theorem - Final Value Theorem - Transform of periodic functions - Inverse transforms - Convolution theorem – Applications: Solution of linear ordinary differential equations of second order with constant coefficients.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 41st Edition, 2011.
- 2. Ramana B.V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata McGraw Hill Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010.
- 3. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics (for First Year), Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, Revised Edition, 2007.
- 4. Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy K., and Gunavathy K., "Engineering Mathematics", S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, (Reprint) 2008.
- 5. Kreyzig E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Tenth Edition, John Wiley and sons, 2011.
- 6. Venkataraman M.K., "Engineering Mathematics", The National Pub. Co., Chennai, 2003.
- 7. Weir, MD, Hass J, Giordano FR: Thomas' Calculus Pearson education 12th ED, 2015.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### LAB COMPONENT

#### **30 Hours**

#### List of MATLAB Programmes:

- 1. Evaluating double integral with constant and variable limits.
- 2. Area as double integral
- 3. Evaluating triple integral with constant and variable limits
- 4. Volume as triple integral
- 5. Evaluating gradient, divergence and curl
- 6. Evaluating line integrals and work done
- 7. Verifying Green's theorem in the plane
- 8. Evaluating Laplace transforms and inverse Laplace transforms of functions including impulse.
- 9. Heaviside functions and applying convolution.
- 10. Applying the technique of Laplace transform to solve differential equations.

Theory: 45	Tutorial: 0	Practical: 30	Proiect: 0	Total: 75 Hours
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# U18MAT3101 PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND TRANSFORMS (Common to AE/AUE/CE/ME/MCE/EEE)

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

**Course Outcomes (COs):** 

#### After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- **CO1:** Form partial differential equations and solve certain types of partial differential equations.
- **CO2:** Determine the Fourier Series and half range Fourier Series of a function
- **CO3:** Solve one dimensional wave equation, one dimensional heat equation in steady state using Fourier series.
- **CO4**: Apply Fourier series to solve the steady state two dimensional heat equation in cartesian coordinates.
- **CO5**: Identify Fourier transform, Fourier sine and cosine transform of certain functions and use Parseval's identity to evaluate integrals..
- **CO6:** Evaluate Z transform of sequences and inverse Z transform of functions and solve difference equations.

	CO/PO Mapping											
	(S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak											
COs	Programme Outcomes(POs)											
	P01	D1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12										P012
C01	S	M M S										
CO2	S	М		М								
CO3	S	S	S		S				М	М		S
CO4	S	М	М									М
C05	S	S M M S										
C06	S	S			S				М	М		S

#### **Pre-requisite: NIL**

#### **Course Assessment methods:**

Dii	rect
1.	Continuous Assessment Test I, II
2.	Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group
	Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration
	etc. (as applicable)

3. End Semester Examination

### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

# **PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions - Solution of PDE by variable separable method - Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations (excluding reducible to standard types) - Lagrange's linear equation - Linear homogeneous partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients.

#### **FOURIER SERIES**

Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series - Odd and Even functions - Half range sine series – Half range cosine series – Parseval's identity – Harmonic Analysis.

**BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS - ONE DIMENSIONAL EQUATIONS** 5+2 Hours Classification of second order quasi linear partial differential equations -Solution of one dimensional wave equation – One dimensional heat equation (excluding insulated ends) - Fourier series solutions in Cartesian coordinates.

#### **BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS – TWO DIMENSIONAL EQUATIONS** 4+1 Hours

Steady state solution of two-dimensional heat equation (Insulated edges excluded) -Fourier series solutions in Cartesian coordinates.

### FOURIER TRANSFORM

Statement of Fourier integral theorem – Infinite Fourier transforms – Sine and Cosine Transforms - Properties - Transforms of simple functions - Convolution theorem -Parseval's identity.

# **Z**-TRANSFORM

Z-transform - Elementary properties – Convolution theorem- Inverse Z – transform (by using partial fractions, residues and convolution theorem) – Solution of difference equations using Z - transform.

**Tutorial: 15 Hours** 

**Theory : 45 Hours** 

#### **References:**

- 1. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44<sup>th</sup> Edition. 2014.
- 2. Veerarajan. T., "Transforms and Partial Differential Equations", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, Second reprint, 2012.
- 3. Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy K. and Gunavathy K., "Engineering Mathematics Volume III", S.Chand & Company ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. Ian Sneddon., "Elements of partial differential equations", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. Arunachalam T., "Engineering Mathematics III", Sri Vignesh Publications, Coimbatore 2013.

# 9+3 Hours

# 9+3 Hours

9+3 Hours

# 9+3 Hours

**Total:60 Hours** 

### PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### (Common to TXT/BT)

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

**CO1**: Compute measures of central tendencies, dispersion and correlation between variables, and predict unknown values using regression.

**CO2**:Understand and apply the concept of probability and random variables.

CO3: Construct probabilistic models for observed phenomena through distributions, which

play an important role in many engineering applications.

CO4: Perform hypothesis testing and interpret the results.

CO5: Understand the principles of design of experiments and perform analysis of variance.

CO6: Sketchcontrol charts and comment on the process control.

#### **Pre-requisites : Nil**

(S/M/	CO/PO Mapping (S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak												
Cos	Cos Programme Outcomes(POs)												
	PO1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12											
CO1	S	S							Μ	М		М	
CO2	S	S							Μ	М		М	
CO3	S	S							Μ	М		М	
CO4	S	S							М	М		М	
CO5	S S M M M											М	
CO6	S	S							М	Μ		Μ	

#### **Course Assessment methods**

Direct

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II
- 2. Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration etc. (as applicable)
- 3. End Semester Examination

#### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

#### STATISTICAL MEASURES

Measures of central tendency: Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode – Measures of variation: Range, Mean deviation, Standard deviation and Coefficient of variation – Correlation (Discrete Data): Karl Pearson's Correlation coefficient, Spearman's Rank Correlation – Regression lines (Discrete Data).

#### PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

9+3 Hours

9 +3 Hours

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Bayes' theorem -

Random variable – Distribution function – properties – Probability mass function – Probability density function – Moments - Moment Generating functions.

#### STANDARD DISTRIBUTIONS

Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions – Moments, Moment Generating functions and properties for the above distributions - Fitting of Binomial and Poisson distributions

# **TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Testing of hypothesis for large samples (single mean, difference of means, single proportion, difference of proportions) – Small sample tests based on t and F distributions (single mean, difference of means, paired t- test and variance ratio test) – Chi-square test for independence of attributes and goodness of fit

# **DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS**

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) – Completely Randomized Design (CRD) – Randomized Block Design (RBD) – Latin Square Design (LSD).

# STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Concept of process control - Control charts for variables: Mean and Range charts – Control charts for attributes: p, np, c – charts.

# Theory: 45Tutorial: 15Practical: 0Project: 0Total: 60 Hours

# REFERENCES

- 1. Veerarajan T., Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2008.
- 2. Gupta S. P, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons Publishers, 2014.
- 3. Johnson R. A., Miller & Freund's "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Gupta.S.C and Kapoor V.K, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11<sup>th</sup> extensively revised edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2007.
- 5. Walpole R. E., Myers S.L. & Keying Ye, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education Inc, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2012.
- 6. Gupta S.C and Kapur V.K, Fundamentals of Applied Statistics, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
- Charles Henry Brase and Corrinne Pellillo Brase "Understandable Statistics", D.C. Heath and Company, Toronto, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007.

# 9+3 Hours

#### 4 +1 Hours

5+2 Hours

### 9+3 Hours

#### **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS** (Common to CSE/IT/ ISE)

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

# **Course Outcomes:** After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Understand the concepts of set theory and apply them to situations involving inclusion and exclusion
- CO2: Acquire the knowledge of relations, and analyse equivalence relations and their properties.
- CO3: Understand and analyse the properties of different kinds of functions.
- **CO4:** Apply mathematical induction to prove mathematical facts, analyse and use the concept of permutation and combination and solve recurrence relations.
- **CO5:** Evaluate the validity of logical arguments and construct simple mathematical proofs.
- **CO6:** Determine whether given graphs are isomorphic and apply Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path.

#### **Pre-requisite courses:**

(S/M/V	(S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak											
COs	Programme Outcomes(POs)											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	М	M M										
CO2	М		S									
CO3	L											
CO4	М		S									
CO5	S	S S S S S										
CO6	S	S	S									S

#### **Course Assessment methods:**

DIRECT

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II
- 2. Written Assignment, Offline quiz, Written tests-2
- 3. End Semester Examination

### INDIRECT

1. Course-end survey

#### **Topics covered:**

#### **SET THEORY**

#### 9+3 Hours

Algebra of sets – The power set – Ordered pairs and Cartesian product – principle of inclusion and exclusion.

Relations on sets –Types of relations and their properties - Equivalence relations –Relational matrix and the graph of relation – Operations on relations.

# FUNCTIONS

Functions – Type of functions – Injective, surjective and bijective functions – Composition of functions – Inverse functions – Permutation functions.

# COMBINATORICS

Mathematical induction- The basics of counting-Permutations and combinations-Recurrence relations-Solving linear recurrence relations

# LOGIC

Hours

Propositions- Logical operators- Normal forms –Rules of inference-Consistency and inconsistency-Propositional logic- Proofs-Predicates- Quantifiers- Universe of discourse – Logical equivalences and implications for quantified statements-Rules of specification and generalization – Validity of arguments.

# **GRAPH THEORY**

Graphs- Types of graphs- Matrix representation of graphs- Graph isomorphism- Walk - Path-Cycles- Eulerian graphs -Hamiltonian graphs- Planar graphs- Euler formula- Shortest path algorithm: Dijkstra's algorithm

# Theory: 45 Hrs

### REFERENCES

- 1. Liu C.L, "Elements of Discrete Mathematics, Second Edition, McGraw Hill 1985.
- 2. Mott J.L, Kandel A. and Baker T.P.,"Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, Second Edition, Prentice Hall India, 1986.
- 3. J.P.Trembly, R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with applications to Computer Science, TMHInternational Edition (Latest Edition).
- 4. NarsinghDeo, Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Prentice Hall, Engle Cliffs, N. J.
- 5. Harary F, Graph Theory, Narosa, 1969.
- 6. Thomas H.C., A Leiserson C.E., Rivest R.L, Stein C.A., "Introduction to a Algorithms(2<sup>nd</sup> Edition),MIT press and McGraw-Hill.2001.

# 9+3 Hours

11+4

7+2 Hours

#### 9+3 Hours

# Total Hours: 60 Hrs

# Tutorials: 15 Hrs

# NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROBABILITY

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### (EIE)

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

#### After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Apply various numerical techniques for solving non-linear equations and systems of linear equations.
- **CO2:** Analyze and apply the knowledge of interpolation and determine the integration and differentiation of the functions by using the numerical data.
- **CO3:** Predict the dynamic behaviour of the system through solution of ordinary differential equations by using numerical methods.
- **CO4:** Solve PDE models representing spatial and temporal variations in physical systems through numerical methods
- **CO5:** Apply the concepts of probability to random variables.
- **CO6:** Construct probabilistic models for observed phenomena through distributions which play an important role in many engineering applications.

#### Pre-requisite: NIL

(S/M/V	CO/PO Mapping W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak											
COs					Prog	amme (	Dutcome	es(POs)				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S										
CO2	S	S										
CO3	S	S							М			
CO4	S	S										
CO5	S	S							М			
CO6	S	S										

#### **COURSE ASSESSMENT METHODS**

Dir	rect
1.	Continuous Assessment Test I, II
2.	Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group
	Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration etc. (as
	applicable)

3. End Semester Examination

#### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

#### SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS

#### 9+3 Hours

Linear interpolation method – Iteration method – Newton's method – Solution of linear system by Gaussian elimination and Gauss-Jordan methods - Iterative methods: Gauss Jacobi and Gauss - Seidel

methods – Inverse of matrix by Gauss – Jordan method – Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method.

**INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION** 9+3 Hours Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolation – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivatives using interpolation polynomials – Numerical integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules.

NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS9+3 HoursSingle step methods: Taylor's series method – Euler and Improved Euler methods for solving a firstorder equations – Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first and second order equations –Multistep method: Milne's predictor and corrector method.

# BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS IN PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3 Hours

Finite difference techniques for the solution of two dimensional Laplace's and Poisson's equations on rectangular domain–Solution of one dimensional heat equation using Bender Schmidt and Crank Nicholson difference schemes –Solution of one dimensional wave equation by explicit scheme.

# PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Bayes' theorem -Random variable - Distribution function - properties - Probability mass function- Probability density function - moments - Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions - Properties.

9+3 Hours

# Theory: 45 HoursTutorials: 15 HoursTotal: 60 Hours

# REFERENCES

- 1. Grewal, B.S. and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical methods in Engineering and Science", 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Gerald, C. F. and Wheatley, P. O., "Applied Numerical Analysis", 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Chapra, S. C and Canale, R. P. "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2016.
- 4. R.A. Johnson and C.B. Gupta, "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 5. R.E. Walpole, R.H. Myers, S.L. Myers, and K Ye, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, Asia, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017.
- Gupta S.C, and Kapur V.K "Fundamentals of Applied Statistics", Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.

### NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROBABILITY

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### (Common to AE/AUE/CE/ME/MCE/EEE)

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

#### After successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- CO1: Apply various numerical techniques for solving non-linear equations and systems of linear equations.CO2: Analyze and apply the knowledge of interpolation and determine the integration and
- **CO2:** Analyze and apply the knowledge of interpolation and determine the integration and differentiation of the functions by using the numerical data.
- **CO3:** Predict the dynamic behaviour of the system through solution of ordinary differential equations by using numerical methods.
- **CO4:** Solve PDE models representing spatial and temporal variations in physical systems through numerical methods
- **CO5:** Apply the concepts of probability to random variables
- **CO6:** Construct probabilistic models for observed phenomena through distributions which play an important role in many engineering applications.

#### Pre-requisite: NIL

(S/M/V	CO/PO Mapping W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak											
COs					Prog	amme (	Dutcome	es(POs)				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S										
CO2	S	S										
CO3	S	S							М			
CO4	S	S										
CO5	S	S							М			
CO6	S	S										

#### **COURSE ASSESSMENT METHODS**

Dir	rect
1.	Continuous Assessment Test I, II
2.	Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group
	Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration etc. (as
	applicable)

3. End Semester Examination

#### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

#### SOLUTION OF EQUATIONS AND EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS

#### 9+3 Hours

Linear interpolation method – Iteration method – Newton's method – Solution of linear system by Gaussian elimination and Gauss-Jordan methods - Iterative methods: Gauss Jacobi and Gauss - Seidel

methods – Inverse of matrix by Gauss – Jordan method – Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method.

**INTERPOLATION, NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION** 9+3 Hours Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference interpolation – Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Approximation of derivatives using interpolation polynomials – Numerical integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules.

NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS9+3 HoursSingle step methods: Taylor's series method – Euler and Improved Euler methods for solving a firstorder equations – Fourth order Runge-Kutta method for solving first and second order equations –Multistep method: Milne's predictor and corrector method.

# BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS IN PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3 Hours

Finite difference techniques for the solution of two dimensional Laplace's and Poisson's equations on rectangular domain–Solution of one dimensional heat equation using Bender Schmidt and Crank Nicholson difference schemes –Solution of one dimensional wave equation by explicit scheme.

# PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Bayes' theorem -Random variable - Distribution function - properties - Probability mass function- Probability density function - moments - Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions - Properties.

9+3 Hours

# Theory: 45 HoursTutorials: 15 HoursTotal: 60 Hours

# REFERENCES

- 1. Grewal, B.S. and Grewal, J.S., "Numerical methods in Engineering and Science", 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Gerald, C. F. and Wheatley, P. O., "Applied Numerical Analysis", 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Chapra, S. C and Canale, R. P. "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2016.
- 4. R.A. Johnson and C.B. Gupta, "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson Education, Asia, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- 5. R.E. Walpole, R.H. Myers, S.L. Myers, and K Ye, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education, Asia, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017.
- Gupta S.C, and Kapur V.K "Fundamentals of Applied Statistics", Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### **Course outcomes**

After successful completion of the course, the student would be able to:

- **CO1:** Solve a set of algebraic equations representing steady state models formed in engineering problems
- **CO2:** Fit smooth curves for the discrete data connected to each other or to use interpolation methods over these data tables
- **CO3:** Find the trend information from discrete data set through numerical differentiation.
- **CO4:** Estimate integrals from discrete data through numerical methods.
- **CO5:** Predict the system dynamic behaviour through solution of ODEs modeling the system
- **CO6:** Solve PDE models representing spatial and temporal variations in physical systems through numerical methods.

#### **Pre-requisite:**

Nil.

CO/P	CO/PO Mapping													
(S/M	/W in	dicate	s strer	ngth of	f corre	elation	ı) S	-Stror	ng, M-1	Mediun	1, W-W	eak		
COs	Prog	ramm	e Outo	comes	(POs)									
	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012	PS01	PSO2
C01	S	S											Μ	
CO2	S		S	S									Μ	
CO3	S	S	М										Μ	
C04	S	S		S									W	
C05	S	S	М	М									W	
C06	S												W	

#### **Course Assessment methods:**

Diı	rect
1.	Continuous Assessment Test I, II
2.	Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group
	Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration
	etc. (as applicable)
2	End Competen Eveningtion

3. End Semester Examination

#### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

# NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATIONS

9+3 Hrs

9+3Hrs

9+3Hrs

Solution of nonlinear equations - False position method – Fixed point iteration – Newton Raphson method for a nonlinear equations and a system of equations - Solution of linear system of equations by Gaussian elimination, Gauss Jordan method, Gauss Jacobi method, Gauss Seidel method - Matrix Inversion by Gauss Jordan method – Largest eigenvalue of a matrix by Power method.

#### **CURVE FITTING AND INTERPOLATION**

Curve fitting – Method of least squares - Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation – Divided differences – Newton's divided difference interpolation - Lagrange's interpolation – Inverse interpolation.

#### NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION

Numerical differentiation by using Newton's forward, backward and divided differences – Numerical integration by Trapezoidal and Simpson's  $1/3^{rd}$  and  $3/8^{th}$  rules – Numerical double integration.

NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS9+3Hrs

Initial value problems - Single step methods: Taylor's series method – Truncation error – Euler and Improved Euler methods – Fourth order Runge – Kutta method – Multistep method: Milne's predictor - corrector method.

#### NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3Hrs

Finite difference techniques for the solution of two dimensional Laplace's and Poisson's equations on rectangular domain–Solution of one dimensional heat equation using Bender Schmidt and Crank Nicholson difference schemes –Solution of one dimensional wave equation by explicit scheme.

#### Theory : 45Hours

#### Tutorial : 15 Hours

**Total: 60Hours** 

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Kandasamy P., Thilagavathy K. and Gunavathy K., "Numerical Methods", S.Chand Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Steven C. Chapra and Raymond P. Canale, "Numerical Methods for Engineers with Programming and Software Applications", McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 3. John H. Mathews and Kurtis D. Fink, "Numerical Methods using Matlab", Prentice Hall of India, 2004.
- 4. Gerald C. F. and Wheatley P.O, "Applied Numerical Analysis", Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Sastry S.S, "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", PrenticeHall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.

#### PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

- **CO1:** Analyze random or unpredictable experiments and investigate important features of random experiments and analyse various distributions.(K3)
- **CO2:** Construct probabilistic models for observed phenomena through distributions.(K3)
- **CO3:** Analyze various random processes with practical applications.(K4)
- **CO4:** Analyze correlation related to various random processes and establish the properties of spectral densities.(K4)
- **CO5:** Analyze linear time invariant systems performance for random inputs.(K4)

#### Pre-requisites: NIL

COs	PRO	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S										
CO2	S	S										
CO3	S	S	М	М								
CO4	S	S	М	М								
CO5	S	S	М	М								

#### **Course Assessment Methods**

DIRECT
1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II
2. Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group
Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration
etc. (as applicable)
End Semester Examination
INDIRECT
Course-end survey

#### **BASIC CONCEPTS OF PROBABILITY**

# Sets: Definition and Operations, Probability: Definition through Sets, Joint and Conditional Probabilities, Baye's theorem

#### **RANDOM VARIABLES**

Randomvariable – Definition, Discrete and Continuous Random Variables – Probability Density Functions, Probability Distribution Functions –Properties – Gaussian, Binominal,Poisson,Uniform,Exponential Distributions and their properties – Operations on one random variable.

Multiple RandomVariables: - Joint Density and Distribution Functions -Marginal and conditional

#### 9 Hours

distributions - Properties - Operations on multiple random variables.

# **RANDOM PROCESSES**

Random Process – Stationary Process – Wide sensestationaryand Ergodic processes– Gaussian Random Process – Markovprocess–Markovchain–Poissonprocess

#### **CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES**

Correlation: Autocorrelation, Cross Correlation and their properties – Covariance– Regression – Central Limit Theorem.

Power spectral density and its properties – Cross power spectral density and its properties –Relationship between power spectrum and correlations – Wiener-Khintchine relation.

### **OPTIMUM FILTERING**

Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Properties – Linearsystems withrandominputs – Autocorrelation and Cross Correlation of inputs and outputs – Spectral Characterization – Optimum linear time invariant systems – Matched Filter – Properties.

Theory: 45	Tutorial: 15	Practical: 0	Project: 0	Total: 60 Hours
2			5	

#### **REFERENCES:**

- Peebles. P.Z., "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Cooper. G.R., Mc Gillem. C.D., "Probabilistic Methods of Signal and System Analysis", 3rd Indian Edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. Miller. S.L. and Childers. D.G., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing and Communications", Academic Press, 2004.
- 4. Stark. H, and Woods. J.W., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing", 3rdEdition, Pearson Education, Asia, 2002.
- 5. Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", 2nd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 2012.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### U18MAI4201

#### PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS (Common to CSE, IT, ISE)

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	0	2	0	4

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

- CO1: Compute correlation between variables, and predict unknown values using regression.
- **CO2**: Understand and apply the concept of probability and random variables and predict probabilities of events in models following normal distribution.
- CO3 : Perform hypothesis testing and interpret the results.
- CO4 : Understand the principles of design of experiments and perform analysis of variance.
- CO5: Sketch control charts and comment on the process control.
- **CO6:** Apply the above concepts to solve problems using R Studio.

#### Pre-requisites: NIL

	CO/PO Mapping											
(S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak												
COs	COs Programme Outcomes(POs)											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S							М	М		М
CO2	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO3	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO4	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO5	S	S							М	М		М
CO6	S	S							Μ	Μ		Μ

#### **Course Assessment methods**

# DIRECT

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II (Theory component)
- 2. Open Book Test; Cooperative Learning Report, Assignment; Journal Paper Review, Group Presentation, Project Report, Poster Preparation, Prototype or Product
- 3. Demonstration etc (as applicable) (Theory component)
- 4. Pre/Post Experiment Test/Viva; Experimental Report for each Experiment (lab Component)
- 5. Model Examination (lab component)
- 6. End Semester Examination (Theory and lab components)

#### **INDIRECT**

1. Course-end survey

#### **THEORY COMPONENT**

### **CORRELATION AND REGRESSION**

Correlation - Karl Pearson's Correlation coefficient - Spearman's Rank Correlation - Regression lines.

#### PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Bayes' theorem - Random variable - Distribution function - properties - Probability mass function - Probability density function - moments- moment generating functions.

### NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

Normal distribution – Moments, Moment Generating functions and properties.

### **TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Small samples tests based on t and F distributions (single mean, difference of means, paired t- test and variance ratio test) - Chi-square test for independence of attributes and goodness of fit

### **DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS**

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) - Completely Randomized Design (CRD) - Randomized Block Design (RBD) – Latin Square Design (LSD).

# STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Concept of process control - Control charts for variables: Mean and Range charts - Control charts for attributes: p, np, c – charts.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Veerarajan T., Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2008.
- 2. Gupta S. P, "Statistical Methods", Sultan Chand & Sons Publishers, 2014.
- 3. Johnson R. A., Miller & Freund's "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Gupta.S.C and Kapoor.V.K, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11th extensively revised edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2007.
- 5. Walpole R. E., Myers S.L. & Keying Ye, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education Inc, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2012.
- 6. Gupta S.C, and KapurV.K "Fundamentals of Applied Statistics", Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
- 7. Charles Henry Brase and Corrinne Pellillo Brase "Understandable Statistics", D.C. Heath and Company, Toronto, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007.

# **LAB COMPONENT** : Using R Studio

# 8 Hours

# **5** Hours

# **12 Hours**

# **5** Hours

9 Hours

1. Introduction to R programming

2. Application of descriptive statistics - Mean, Median, Mode and standard deviation

- 3. Applications of Correlation and Regression
- 4. Application of Normal distribution
- 5. Application of Student t test
- 6. Application of F test
- 7. Application of Chi-square test
- 8. ANOVA one way classification
- 9. ANOVA two way classification
- 10. Control charts for variables (mean and range chart)

	Theory: 45	Tutorial: 0	Practical: 30	Project: 0	Total : 75 Hours
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#### U18MAT5102 PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS (FT)

L	Т	Р	J	С
3	1	0	0	4

#### **Course Outcomes**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

CO1:Compute measures of central tendencies, dispersion and correlation between

variables, and predict unknown values using regression.

CO2: Understand and apply the concept of probability and random variables.

CO3: Construct probabilistic models for observed phenomena through distributions,

which play an important role in many engineering applications.

CO4 :Perform hypothesis testing and interpret the results.

CO5: Understand the principles of design of experiments and perform analysis of variance.

CO6: Sketch control charts and comment on the process control.

#### **Pre-requisites : Nil**

CO/PO Mapping (S/M/W indicates strength of correlation) S-Strong, M-Medium, W-Weak												
COs	COs Programme Outcomes(POs)											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO2	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO3	S	S							Μ	М		М
CO4	S	S							М	Μ		М
CO5	S	S							М	Μ		М
CO6	S	S							М	Μ		Μ

#### **Course Assessment methods**

Direct

- 1. Continuous Assessment Test I, II
- 2. Open book test; Cooperative learning report, Assignment; Journal paper review, Group Presentation, Project report, Poster preparation, Prototype or Product Demonstration etc. (as applicable)
- 3. End Semester Examination

#### Indirect

1. Course-end survey

#### STATISTICAL MEASURES

Measures of central tendency: Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode – Measures of variation: Range, Mean deviation, Standard deviation and Coefficient of variation – Correlation (Discrete Data) – Karl Pearson's Correlation coefficient – Spearman's Rank Correlation – Regression lines (Discrete Data).

#### PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES

#### 9+3 Hours

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Total probability - Bayes' theorem -

#### 9 +3 Hours

Random variable – Distribution function – properties – Probability mass function – Probability density function – moments - Moment Generating functions.

#### STANDARD DISTRIBUTIONS

Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions – Moments, Moment Generating functions and properties - Fitting of Binomial and Poisson distributions

### **TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Testing of hypothesis for large samples (single mean, difference of means, single proportion, difference of proportions) – Small samples tests based on t and F distributions (single mean, difference of means, paired t- test and variance ratio test) – Chi-square test for independence of attributes and goodness of fit

### **DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS**

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) – Completely Randomized Design (CRD) – Randomized Block Design (RBD) – Latin Square Design (LSD).

# STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Concept of process control - Control charts for variables – Mean and Rangecharts – Control charts for attributes – p, np, c – charts.

# Theory: 45Tutorial: 15Practical: 0Project: 0Total: 60 Hours

# REFERENCES

- 1. Veerarajan T., Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2008.
- 2. Gupta S. P, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons Publishers, 2014.
- 3. Johnson R. A., Miller & Freund's "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Sixth Edition, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2000.
- 4. Gupta.S.C and Kapoor V.K, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11<sup>th</sup> extensively revised edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2007.
- Walpole R. E., Myers S.L. & Keying Ye, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Pearson Education Inc, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2012.
- 6. Gupta S.C, and Kapur V.K, Fundamentals of Applied Statistics, Sultan Chand, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
- Charles Henry Brase and CorrinnePellilloBrase "Understandable Statistics", D.C. Heath and Company, Toronto, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2007.

#### 9+3 Hours

9+3 Hours

5+2 Hours

#### 4 +1 Hours